



CASEBIA  
THERAPEUTICS

## Therapeutic Levels of FVIII Generated by CRISPR/Cas9-Mediated In Vivo Genome Editing in Hemophilia A Mice

**Alan Brooks**, Karen Vo, Dariusz Wodziak, Rangoli Aeran, Keith Abe, Cornell Mallari, Valerie Guerrero, Christopher Cheng<sup>#</sup>, Andrew Scharenberg

Casebia Therapeutics, San Francisco, CA and  
Cambridge, MA <sup>#</sup>

ASGCT 22<sup>nd</sup> Annual Meeting, 2019

Session: “Gene Therapy for Metabolic Disorders: Proof of  
Concept and Beyond”

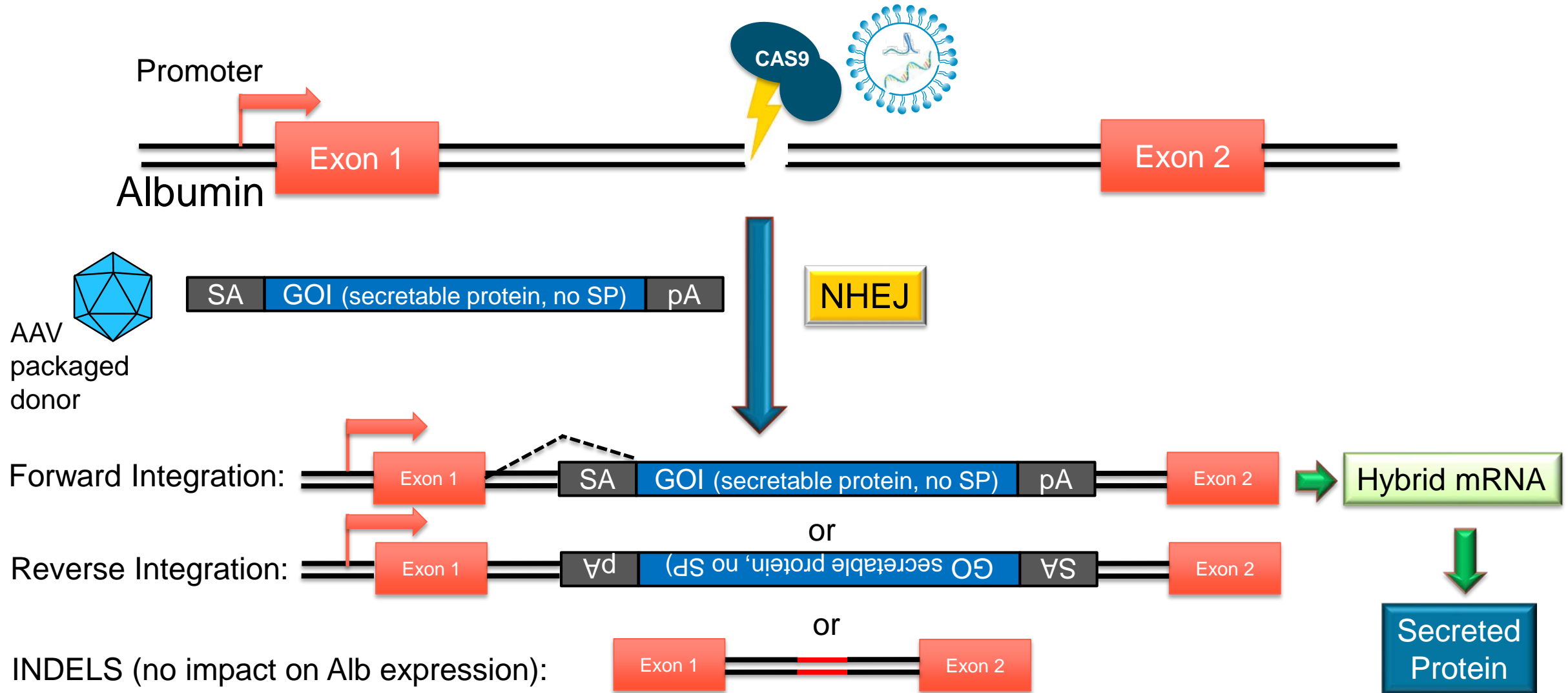
April 30<sup>th</sup>, 3:30-5:15, Heights Courtyard 1  
Abstract #428



All authors are employees of Casebia Therapeutics LLC

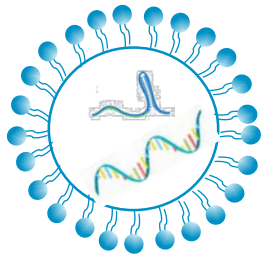
- Genetic disorder caused by non-functional FVIII gene resulting in deficiency of active FVIII protein
- Protein replacement is the SOC:
  - 1 to 3 x weekly i.v. infusions
  - Peaks and troughs of FVIII resulting in less than ideal protection
- Ideal therapy is a constant level of FVIII in the normal range (50-150%) to provide continuous hemostasis
- AAV based gene therapy shows promise in clinical trials but may have limitations:
  - Life-long persistence of episomal based vectors un-proven
  - Only 1 treatment possible (due to nAB to AAV) with variable and unpredictable FVIII levels
  - Concern about utility in pediatrics due to vector dilution
- **Approach presented:**
  - Expression from FVIII gene integrated at a defined site in the genome
  - Potential for titration to the normal range which may represent the ideal curative therapy
  - Absence of liver specific promoter/enhancer minimizes risks of insertional gene activation

# Targeted Gene Insertion Mediated by CRISPR-Cas9



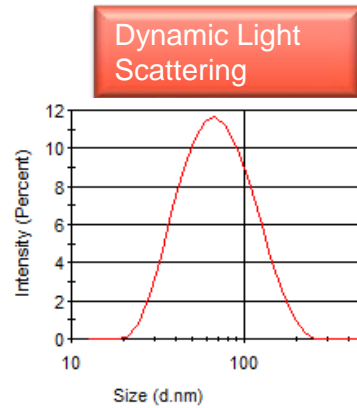
- Cationic lipid, neutral lipids, PEG-lipid
- Single gRNA (chemically modified)
- spCas9 mRNA (with NLS)

Self assembly  
(Precision  
NanoSystems  
flow cell)



LNP

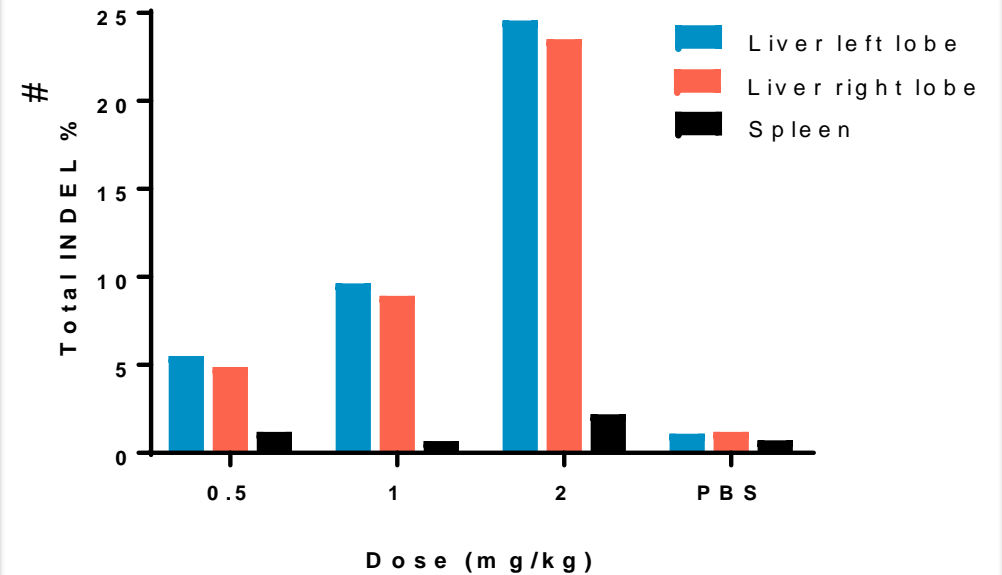
- 50 – 90 nm
- RNA concentration determined by Ribogreen
- Dose mice by total RNA concentration (sgRNA + mRNA)



sgRNA 1 targets intron 1 of mouse albumin

HemA  
Mice

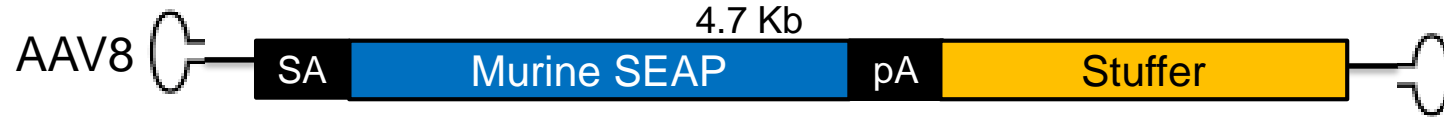
I.V. LNP  
On-target INDELS at day 7



# Genomic DNA from liver or spleen analyzed by TIDE

Visit Poster Abstract #494 for more details

# Repeat LNP Dosing



- 2e12 vg/kg injected in HemA mice

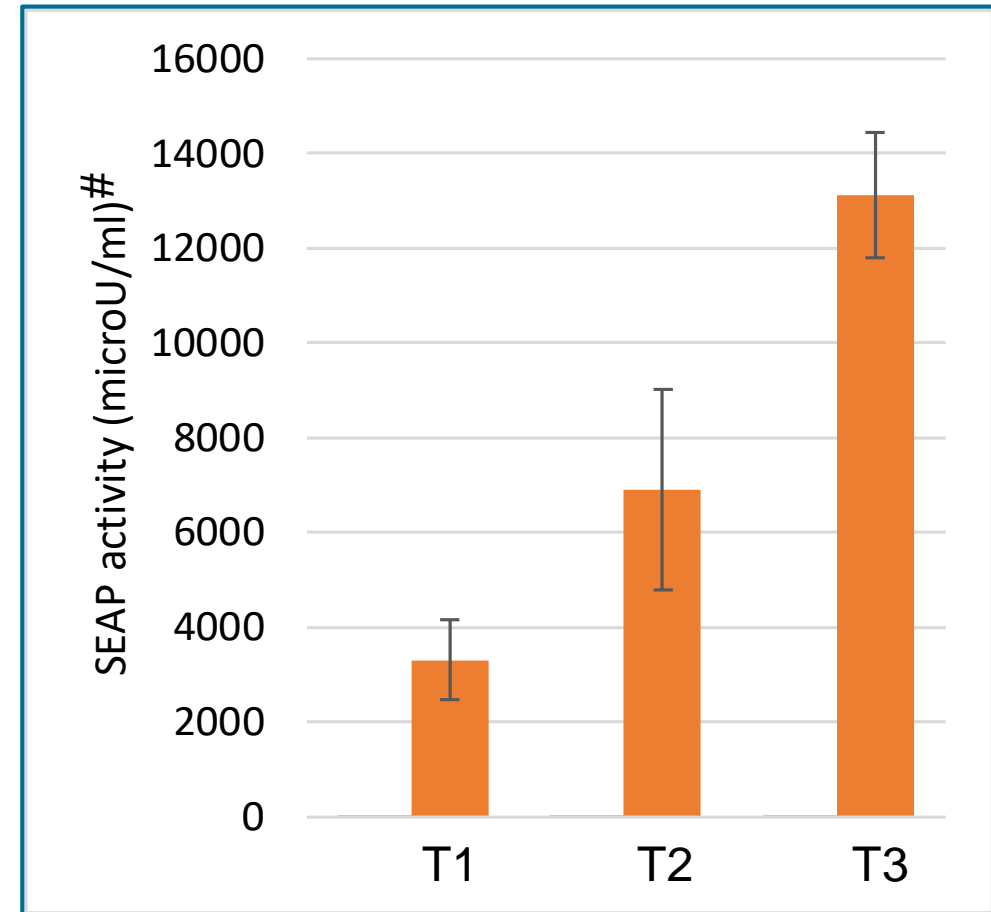
Repeated LNP dosing, gRNA 1 (2mg/kg)

- T1= 0 days
- T2= 28 days
- T3= 49 days

SEAP activity in plasma measured weekly after each LNP dose

- Mean SEAP from 3 to 4 weekly assays plotted

- Sequential increases in gene expression after each LNP dose
- This modality has the potential to tune the desired expression level after a single dose of AAV



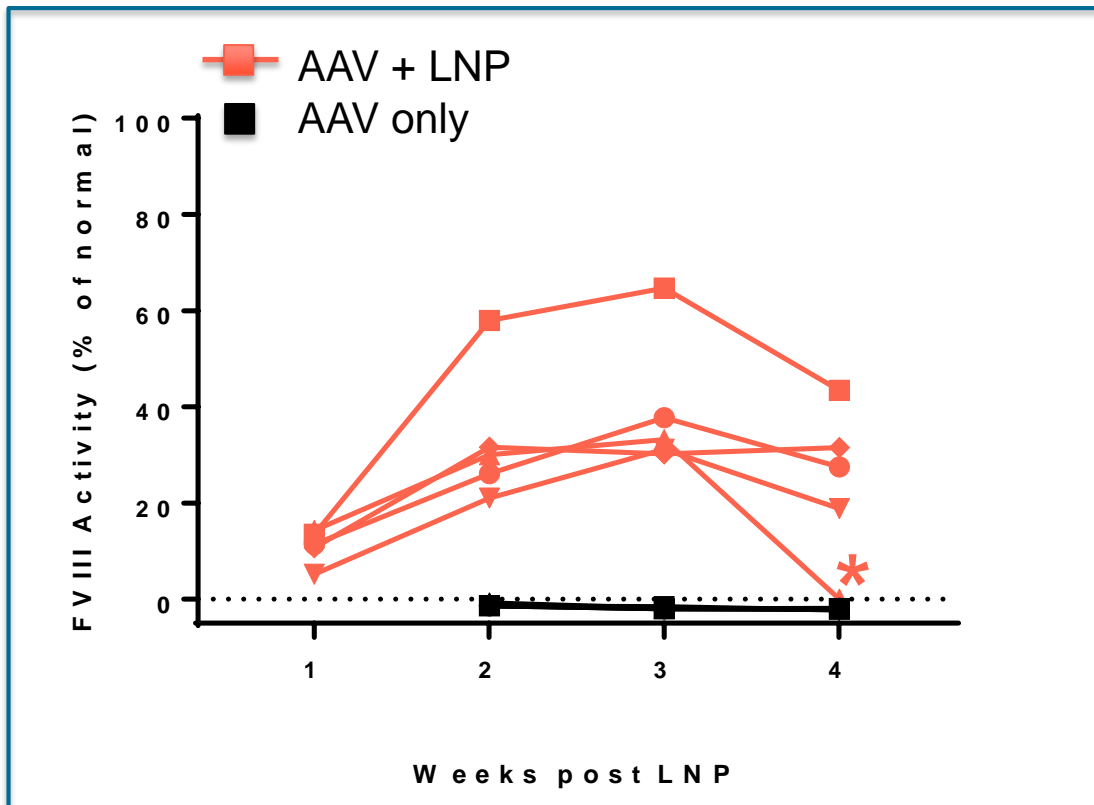
# Background SEAP activity in mice that received AAV only was 0



# Therapeutic Levels of FVIII After Genome Editing in HemA mice



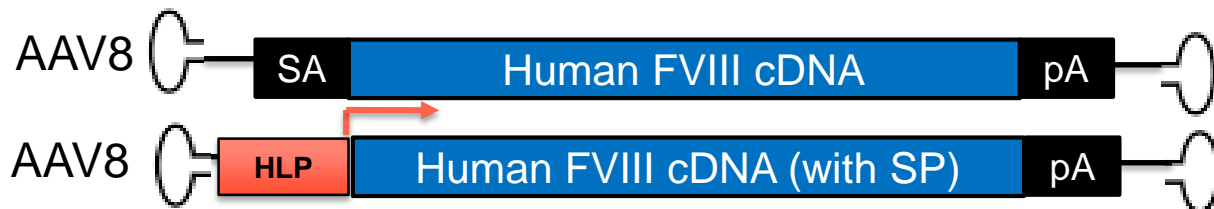
HemA Mice  
AAV-FVIII + LNP (2 mg/kg) –sgRNA1  
AAV-FVIII only



- Therapeutic FVIII activity achieved, approaching the normal range
- No FVIII when only the AAV-FVIII donor was injected demonstrating that cleavage of the genome required
- Antibodies against the foreign human FVIII protein develop in some mice

\* Antibodies to human FVIII present

# Targeted Integration Correlates to Cellular Distribution of Hybrid mRNA



HemA	AAV8-FVIII (2e12 vg/kg) + LNP (2mg/kg)
Mice	AAV8-HLP-FVIII (2e12 vg/kg)

Day 10: FVIII activity in blood

Day 25: BaseScope™ and Targeted Integration by DD-PCR

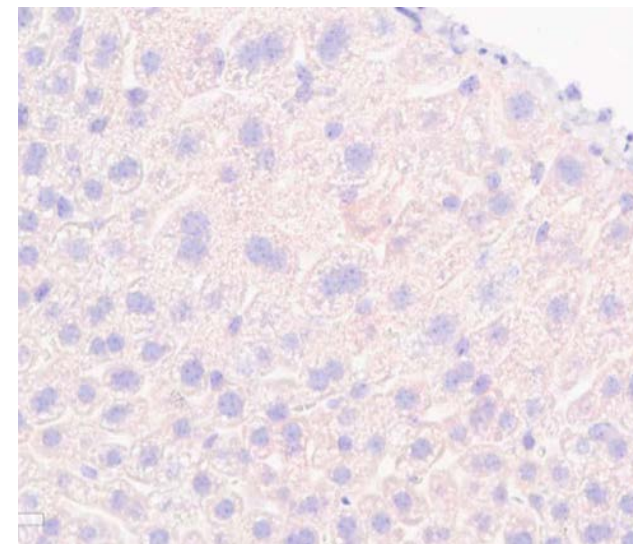


Group (n=5)	FVIII activity on day 10 (% of normal)	Targeted Integration (% per haploid genome)
AAV8-FVIII +LNP	26 +/- 9	2.5 +/- 0.6
AAV8-HLP-FVIII #	28 +/- 5 (peak on d30)	-
Naïve mice	0	0

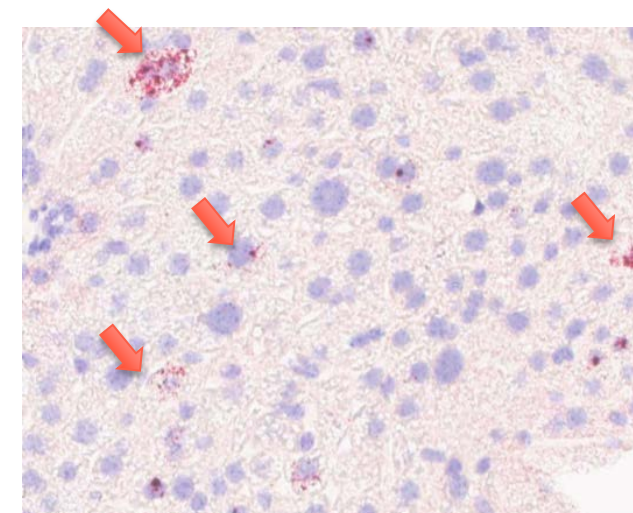
# HLP promoter driving same FVIII CDS (but with signal peptide)

## BaseScope™ for hybrid mRNA in liver

Naïve mice



AAV8-FVIII +LNP

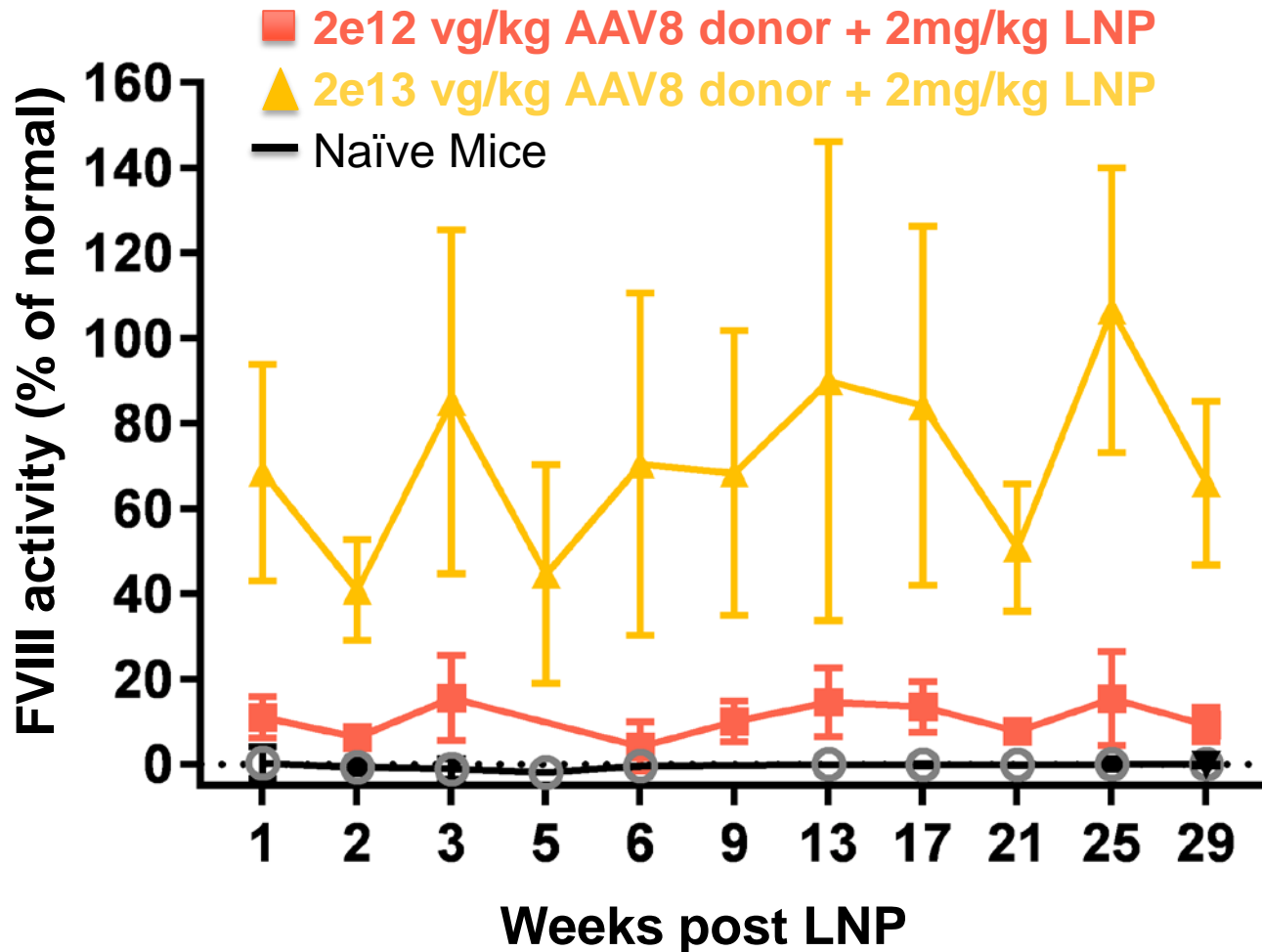


2% to 4% of cells positive



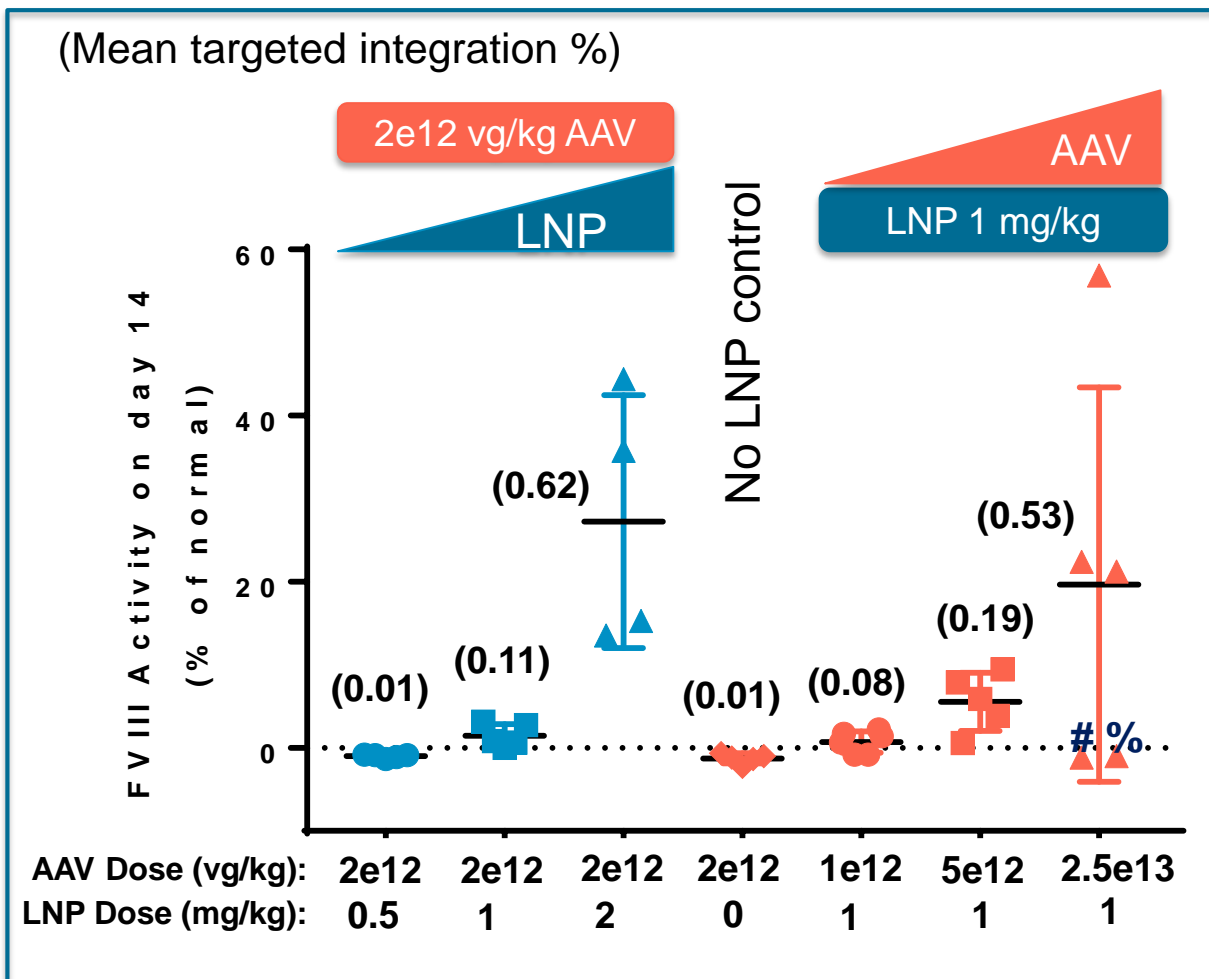
# Long Term Expression of FVIII

- Immune deficient NSG mice to prevent antibodies to human FVIII
- FVIII detected with human FVIII specific capture-activity assay



- Stable expression to 7 months and continuing to monitor
- FVIII levels dependent on dose of AAV donor

# AAV and LNP Dose Response in HemA Mice



- FVIII level can be modulated by LNP dose
- Higher doses of AAV enable FVIII expression at lower LNP doses
- FVIII levels correlate to targeted integration frequency

% Mouse had antibodies to human FVIII on d14  
 # Mouse had no INDELS indicative of failed LNP delivery

# Selection of gRNA can Impact Expression

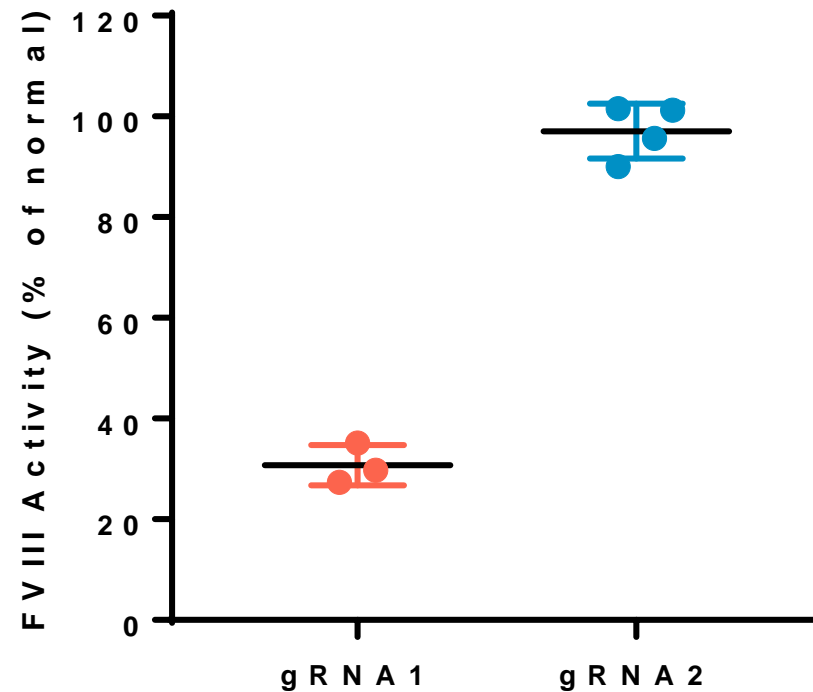


HemA Mice	LNP only (1.5 mg/kg)
	AAV-FVIII (2e12 vg/kg) + LNP (1.5 mg/kg)

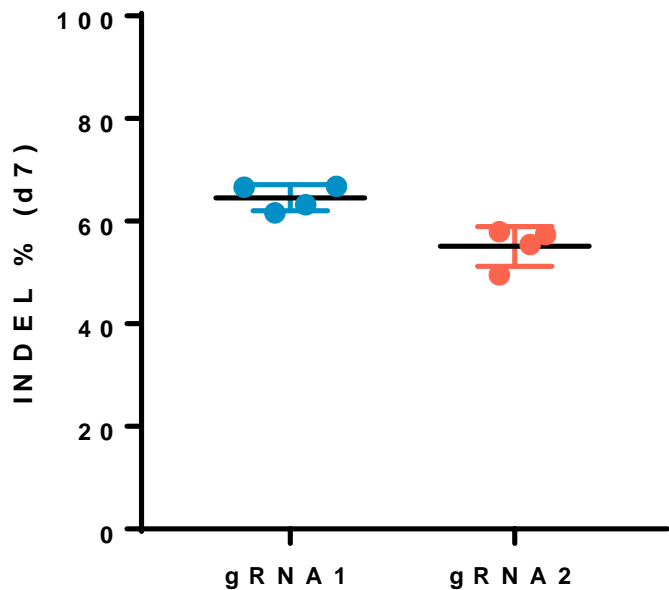
Optimized LNP, two gRNA targeting Albumin intron 1

- gRNA1 (used for results in previous slides)
- gRNA2

**FVIII Day 8 post LNP**



**Mice dosed with LNP only**



- 5-fold improved expression using gRNA2 vs gRNA1
- Improvement with gRNA 2 was not due to higher INDELS
- 100% FVIII with low variability achieved with 2e12 vg/kg AAV8 donor
- Measurement of targeted integration is planned

- CRISPR-Cas9 mediated targeted integration of FVIII at the albumin locus generates therapeutic levels of FVIII in mice, up to 100% of normal
- Low levels of targeted integration are sufficient for curative levels of FVIII
- Expression was stable (7 months and continuing)
- Targeted integration correlated to FVIII levels and was dependent on dose of both AAV and LNP
- FVIII level could be modulated by LNP dose
- Transient delivery of the nuclease as a LNP packaged mRNA has the potential for repeat dosing to “dial-in” FVIII levels while minimizing off-target risk
- Further optimization and evaluation in higher species in progress

## Co-Authors

**Karen Vo**

**Dariusz Wodziak**

**Rangoli Aeran**

**Keith Abe**

**Cornell Mallari**

**Valerie Guerrero**

**Christopher Cheng**

**Andrew Scharenberg**

## Additional Contributors

Chandra Patel

Luis Gamboa

Greg Cost

Gene Uenishi

Christopher Cheng

Faye Wu

Samantha Chin

Scott Munzer

Karolina Kosakowska

Kui Wang

Patrick Au

Mihail Rokas

Jim Burns